

THE CAUCASIAN.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1894.

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the LEADING WEEKLY IN NORTH CAROLINA.

NO. 34.

VOL. XII.

Morganton and the Press Convention.

An Interesting Meeting and Hospitality Unsurpassed.

The Gem City of the Upper Catawba Entertains the Knights of the Quill in Royal Style.—They Were Glad to See Us, and We Were Glad to Meet Them.

The annual meeting of the North Carolina Press Association was in session in Morganton last week. The delegates from every quarter were met at stations outside of Morganton by committees of escort, who made everyone feel thrice welcome even before his arrival. This thoughtful courtesy to the Knights of the Quill, was only a foretaste of the royal reception that awaited us. Everyone was assigned to comfortable and delightful quarters, in the homes of hospitable people, of a beautiful town.

The convention assembled in the afternoon of Wednesday at three o'clock, and was formally welcomed by Major Pearson in a peculiarly happy manner. Upon adjournment at five o'clock, carriages were ready to take the editors over the beautiful drive up the Catawba, to the State Hospital, the State Institution for the deaf and dumb, and other places of beauty and interest.

At night, the Major and Mrs. Pearson at their elegant residence, assisted by the charming ladies of Morganton, gave a charming reception, which was followed by a dance at the town Hall complimentary to the editors.

At the morning session of the Association on Thursday, President Burbank delivered his annual address. One of the ablest and most interesting papers read before the Association was by Mr. J. P. Caldwell of the Charlotte Observer, on "The Relative Importance of Editorials and Local, State and General News."

Upon invitation of Dr. Murphy, the afternoon session was held at the State Hospital. This institution, so ably presided over by Dr. Murphy, is not only a credit to the State, but to the whole South. It is a model in arrangement and management.

At night one of the most tasteful and sumptuous banquets ever spread in the State, was served in a large hall adjoining the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce. The music was inspiring, the menu most appetizing, the decorations artistic and beautiful. His Honor Judge Byrum, acted as toast master. The following were the subjects and speakers for the occasion:

"Our Guests"—Responses, C. F. Messon, H. A. London.

"The Press of North Carolina, the Leader of Educational and Industrial Progress"—Responses, S. A. Ashe, J. R. Webster.

"The Old North State Forever"—Responses, W. B. Burbank, E. J. Hale, J. W. Wilson.

"Morganton, the Gem of the Upper Catawba Valley"—Responses, S. McDaniel Tate.

"North Carolina's Public Charities, Stars in the Diadem of a Great Commonwealth"—Responses, J. P. Sawyer, E. McK. Goodwin.

"The State's Unwritten History, Replete with Stories of Heroism and Statesmanship"—Response, A. C. Avery.

"The Stranger Within Our Gates"—Response, Rev. Carlos Alberto Trott.

"The Pleasures and Profits of Journalism or the Editorial Pocket Book"—Response, W. F. Marshall.

"The Women of North Carolina—the Mothers of Heroes, the Wives of Patriots, the Sweet-hearts of Our Sterling Youth"—Responses, H. A. Latham, Marion Butler.

The festivities lasted until two o'clock, and was voted by every editor a tremendous success.

At the morning session Friday, the following resolutions offered by Editor Marshal were adopted by unanimous vote:

"The twenty-second annual session of the North Carolina Press Association having met in Morganton, the New World's city of the violet crown, and having experienced on every hand nothing but the most courteous hospitality and the most regal entertainment, be it, therefore, by this Association,

"Resolved, That for the cordial reception, the unrestrained hospitality and the universal courtesies tendered us by the big-hearted and open-handed citizens of Morganton, and especially for the brilliant reception tendered the Association by His Honor John H. Pearson, lord mayor; for the courtesies of that affable and humanitarian, Dr. P. L. Murphy, superintendent of the State Hospital and for the regal banquet provided last evening by the chamber of commerce, the members of this Association, individually and collectively, tender their sincere and profoundest thanks, and assure Morganton that they will leave her happy borders prouder than ever of being North Carolinians, and that the gem of the upper Catawba Valleys will never cease to glitter and glow with resplendent radiance along memory's ever-lengthening track."

To the various railways and transportation companies we also desire to express our appreciation of the kindness and courtesies they have been so ready to extend to this body.

They also acknowledge with a sense of exquisite satisfaction the compliment paid the Association by the young people who gave the editorial ball Wednesday evening."

A special resolution was also passed thanking Mr. W. C. Erwin, of the Morganton Herald, for special attention and courtesies.

The election of officers was then

LAWYER TAYLOR

LEAVES THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY BECAUSE HE IS A DEMOCRAT.

He Writes a Strong Letter Full of Patriotism—He Will Act with the People's Party.

Editor THE CAUCASIAN,

Goldsboro, N. C.

Dear Sir—The history of our nation, and a careful and painstaking perusal of the pages of that history will demonstrate that the people of this nation are of the anglo saxon race. The strongest characteristic of the anglo saxon race is its devotion to personal liberty. Nations, and especially individuals, may, and will long be unconscious of special actions of which, if carried out to their extent, deprive them of the liberties so dear to their hearts, if such legislation is carried out that leaves them in a fair state of prosperity. Then they will not seek to change such course until a crisis spurs them into action. The anglo saxons of America first saw that crisis, and the crisis first asserted itself in the Declaration of Independence, and I could not better illustrate what I now have to say than by quoting from that declaration that founded this government: "We hold these truths to be self evident; that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights. That among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." That to secure these rights governments are instituted among men deriving their just powers from the consent of the people.

"My father's request and direction to me was that his body should be laid to rest in the lot in Asheville Cemetery, selected and purchased by himself, and that his first wife, the mother of his children, should be laid by his side. In compliance with his expressed wish he was placed there by the Senate committee, with the concurrence of the family and widow. There remained nearly two months when last Tuesday evening, late, the remains were secretly and surreptitiously taken up and placed in another lot in the cemetery. This was known to be without the knowledge or consent of his sons, his only brother and his sisters—ever against their desire.

"Within one half mile of the cemetery were one brother and three sisters of our father, and had either of these been consulted they would have protested against this high-handed act, most certainly against the manner of removal, and especially against the opening of the casket, which latter was done, for what purpose do we not know?

"This removal might even have been submitted to had not the party making the removal, in writing, as a last and final ultimatum on the subject, refused to allow the wife of his son to be buried with him. This was known to be without the knowledge or consent of his sons, his only brother and his sisters—ever against their desire.

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MARION BUTLER, Editor & Prop.

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NOTICE.

Saturday, June 30th, is the date for township primaries; July 4th, is the date for county conventions to elect delegates to State, Congressional and Judicial conventions. The date for State convention will be published in next issue.

ANOTHER PLEDGE BROKEN.

The Democratic majority in congress has violated another pledge contained in the Chicago platform. That platform said:

"We recommend that the prohibitory be repealed on State bank issues."

The Democratic majority in the House deliberately repudiated this promise, upon the strength of which, along with sundry others, it got into power in 1892. It did so by the decisive vote of 172 to 102. The bill before the House was one exempting certain banks, mainly in the South, from all liability to taxation on clearing-house certificates and other notes which were issued during the financial stringency of last summer. Some of the Southern banks treated these certificates as money, and put them into general circulation, thus apparently committing a technical violation of the law. To this bill for the relief of a few banks Mr. Cox, of Tennessee, offered an amendment providing for the total repeal of the law taxing State bank circulation, as required by the Democratic platform, and it was over this amendment that the fight took place.

The struggle was a long and bitter one, and was ended only by invoking the aid of the all-powerful Committee on Rules. The friends of repeal exerted themselves to the utmost, and, though never feeling very sanguine, did not dream that the defeat would be as crushing as it proved to be. The lack of conviction and principle which distinguishes the average Democratic legislator under the Cleveland lash made many Democrats, who two short years ago were in the front ranks of those who shouted for repeal, turn now upon the records of the past and violate the pledges of their party platform. Their conduct has embittered those who fought in the minority—most of them Southern men—and these latter now feel that they have been badly treated by their Democratic brethren. Not only do they complain of having been misled by a canvass made by two over-enthusiastic friends of repeal, but they also assert that the repeal plank in the Democratic platform was the work of Northern men, and, being such, ought to have had the undivided support of the party.

The fact is that nobody wants State banks who knows what he wants. It was put in the last Democratic platform to give the Democratic speakers in the South something to divide our people on. The goldbugs do not want State banks, but he had a thousand times rather have them than to have free coinage of silver with treasury notes to provide a sufficient currency. State banks can be controlled by the bondholders and goldbugs just as effectually as National banks, but it would be more troublesome for them to look after so many such institutions. But if the Southern Congressmen had stood by the people and made a strong fight for silver and other reforms, the bondholders had intended all the time to compromise by agreeing to State banks. This is the milk in the coconuts and the truth in a nutshell.

THE ALABAMA CAMPAIGN.

JUDGE CLARK ON ELECTION OF POSTMASTERS.

The arena for June is a fine number, its contents being no less varied than able. Among the best contributions is one from Judge Walter Clark on the election of postmaster by the people, and incidentally on the election of Senators by popular vote. We make an extract from the conclusion:

"The stronger objection against the election of postmasters by the people is that it was not provided for in the constitution of 1787. But neither was the present system of virtual appointment by Senators and Representatives provided for by that constitution. It is a fungus growth and dangerous to the health of the republic; it should be removed."

It is said that this world of ours has three motions—one its diurnal revolution on its own axis, another in its wide annual sweep around the sun, the third as it is drawn along with the whole planetary system in the rush of the sun towards the distant point in the heavens to which it has been flying with more than the velocity of a cannon ball since creation's dawn. The three motions combined describe a spiral. As the earth thus spins down the spiral stairway of the stars, the lapse of every twenty-four hours sees us removed three millions of miles from the point in space occupied by us at the same hour the day before. With the whole world thus earnestly "on the move" can it be seriously contended that the constitution alone shall stand still? That it had imperfections is well known. The generation that made it was wise enough to amend it, and succeeding generations have done the same. Now we are face to face with other imperfections which have come with the lapse of time—the manner of electing Senators, and the immense growth of, and perverted mode of dispensing patronage, or appointments to office. And that is tantamount to a re-election.

Whatever may be said in favor of civil service as applicable to clerkships and other subordinate positions, it is very clear that life appointments under civil service rules are not desirable for postmasters who are thrown directly in contact with the people, and whose acceptability to the people they serve is of the first importance. Nor is favor in the eyes of a congressman, ambitious perhaps of further honors or mindful of past favors, a proper basis for appointment. If the people are wise enough to elect presidents and congressmen, governors and judges, why should they not this generation wise enough and strong enough to grapple with these questions?

When the constitution of 1787 was framed there was a large element of caution in committing much power to the people. It was an unknown and untried experiment. Senators were to be chosen by the legislatures, and, though never feeling very sanguine, did not dream that the defeat would be as crushing as it proved to be. The lack of conviction and principle which distinguishes the average Democratic legislator under the Cleveland lash made many Democrats, who two short years ago were in the front ranks of those who shouted for repeal, turn now upon the records of the past and violate the pledges of their party platform. Their conduct has embittered those who fought in the minority—most of them Southern men—and these latter now feel that they have been badly treated by their Democratic brethren. Not only do they complain of having been misled by a canvass made by two over-enthusiastic friends of repeal, but they also assert that the repeal plank in the Democratic platform was the work of Northern men, and, being such, ought to have had the undivided support of the party.

The registration being just completed, I have no knowledge of the effect it may have in changing the aggregate vote of 1892, so far, however, as I have been able to learn from partial returns the list will be heavier than the vote was at the last election, except in the fifteen black counties of the state, that gave Gov. Jones 35,000 majority. In the counties referred to, an appeal has been made by the republican executive committee, to induce the negroes not to register, which seems to be successful.

To sum up, the result of the coming election, depends upon the extent of the frauds committed in the management of the election proper, and in the use of the means, the returning boards have to change actual results, and this very greatly depends upon the disposition to submit to such wrongs or not. The Reform party is thoroughly organized, and seem especially determined, while the democracy is simply desperate, and are prepared to resort to any thing which will bring success.

The contest in Alabama will be one to a finish. Only five percent of the negroes in the black belt counties have registered, this is from authentic information. From now until the August election, all eyes will be turned to that state.

PENCE AND BRYAN

Chosen by the Old Veterans to speak on Decoration Day.

(Wash. Cor. Nonconformist.)

The old veterans of Washington chose Lafe Pence and W. J. Bryan for their orators on Decoration Day. Pence spoke at the Congressional cemetery and Bryan at Arlington Heights. Of Pence's speech it is said that it is the only Decoration day address ever delivered that will find general circulation in the South, while it meets with the hearty approval of every Union veteran.

The president and his cabinet sat upon the platform while Bryan spoke at Arlington, and a very significant thing occurred. Bryan said: "This occasion is honored by the presence of the president and his cabinet." After the word president, Bryan halted, but the people sat silent. Not an attempt at a cheer was made, although he was loudly cheered through all the rest of his address. Bryan went just as far in his speech as the occasion would allow him to go.

Among other things he said that if we were to have love of country we must have a country worth loving. He quoted, two or three times, Lincoln's words and enforced them with great emphasis, that we must see to it that a government of the people, for the people and by the people, is the only good Democrat stands by THE PEOPLE.

A private letter from a subscriber in Ossawie county says that Ex-Sheriff Spier of that county was one of the prominent men who worked for the Democratic party in 1892, and who promised the people that if the party got in power and did not redeem its pledges that he would leave the party and go with the people. He says that the party has failed to redeem its promises, but that he will redeem his own promise by leaving it. He will act with the People's party.

It is a fact worthy to be noted that the greatest boodlers in the land are the ones that cry tariff the loudest.

The manufacturers get free wool under the Wilson bill, but the farmers don't get free blankets.

It seems that Cleveland came to Goldsboro, and not to destroy the laws the republicans made.

Try to send in at least one new subscriber with your renewal.

The Machine Against Jarvis.

[Continued from First Page]

supporters as "knaves or fools," the terrible condemnation fell on heedless ears. Ransom never resented this fearful castigation. On the even tenor of his way he serenely went with the Federal patrons of the State, and, though with the machine under his absolute control, he was unconcerned about Vance's opinion, and was not perturbed at his bold accusation of knavery. He had voted for free silver in the previous Congress. He had advocated free silver in the campaign of 1892. The words were warm with life on his lips when he voted, at Cleveland's dictation, to strike down silver. Whether it was greed or treachery, it is immaterial. If greed, the debt has been paid in Federal office holder in the State over his position to Ransom's vote against the Sherman law. If it was treachery, it is for the people to condemn him. A reelection will vindicate him and expose the Democratic crime of 1892. Ransom is the issue. His record and his motives will be discussed in the campaign. He represents all that is left of the Democratic party—the machine.

The State convention may not endorse the administration's financial policy, but Ransom endorses it. And Ransom is no coward. He may beg for mercy and forgiveness, but he will not beafound Cleveland's nest. It may not be the discreet thing in the convention not to endorse Cleveland, all the same it will be a Cleveland convention and Cleveland sentiment will dominate.

An anti-Cleveland convention would mean Ransom's defeat. It could have no other meaning. The feeling against the administration, Ransom thinks, is senseless clamor. He believes that its wisdom and its Democracy can be demonstrated. And that is tantamount to a re-election.

The wife asked a question of her lawyer:

"Will he be able to leave with me on the evening train?"

"Doubtless, madam. The confession of the other woman has virtually set him free."

The following testimonial comes from T. M. Fogg, Esq., who is well-known throughout Kentucky as court justice and justice of the peace for Bath County. His wife would invoke the aid of the law in his behalf.

"C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass."

The following testimonial comes from T. M. Fogg, Esq., who is well-known throughout Kentucky as court justice and justice of the peace for Bath County. His wife would invoke the aid of the law in his behalf.

"I will be here to help him with his Sarsaparilla. The first dose I took

was like a draught of death. I am a man in a midshipman's house, I confess.

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THE CAUCASIAN.
GOLDSBORO, N. C., JUNE 21, '94.

WAYNE COUNTY.

LOOK AT THE LABEL.

On your paper. Do not look for the "blue cross" any more. We have put our list in mailing type. Your name is on a printed label with the date when your subscription expires. Be sure to send your renewal (if you want the paper another year) at least a week before your subscription expires.

NOTICE.

Mr. J. R. Starling is authorized to take subscriptions for THE CAUCASIAN. All orders sent in by him will be honored.

MARION BUTLER.

Mrs. Capt. E. L. Faison, of Sampson, is visiting her daughter.

Mrs. Capt. W. H. Fowle, of Lynchburg, Va., was in Goldsboro Tuesday, the guest of Mrs. Marion Butler.

Dr. Kirby Smith, of Arcadia, Fla., accompanied by his wife, is in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Smith.

Mr. Geo. C. Connor, the popular and talented young principal of the Goldsboro Graded School, has been elected Superintendent of the Wilson Graded School.

Last Friday Mayor Broadhurst visited in wedlock at the Register of Deeds office, Mr. Samuel D. Brown to Miss Rose E. Reeves, whose home is near Mt. Olive.

The Goldsboro Rifles, Capt. Bain commanding, left Tuesday for Morehead City for a week's encampment at the seashore. About 40 members of the company went down.

The funeral sermon of Mrs. Julia E. Outlaw, who died not long ago in Craven county, will be preached next Sunday at 11 o'clock by Rev. D. B. Clayton, at the old home in Albemarle township, Duplin county.

Rev. C. L. Hoffmann, formerly Rector of St. Stephen's Episcopal church this city, but now of Tarboro, is holding mission services at Grace Episcopal church in Weldon, N. C. Mr. Hoffmann is preaching to large congregations and meeting with much success in his field.

The Goldsboro Rifles have appointed a committee for the purpose of arranging a plan and securing money enough to erect a suitable monument over the Confederate dead buried at Bentonton. At present there is nothing to mark the last resting place of the dead heroes.

Rev. J. Hiram Grant, son of Maj. and Mrs. H. L. Grant, recently proceeded to a large congregation in the Baptist church last Sunday night. Mr. Grant is quite young in the ministry but his discourse has been spoken of by those who heard him as very able and his delivery eloquent.

Miss Emma Grant, the charming daughter of Maj. and Mrs. H. L. Grant, arrived to Mr. Daniel P. Faxon, of Boston, Mass., Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock in the Baptist church, Rev. C. A. Jenkins, pastor of the church officiating. After an elaborate supper which a number of invited guests joined, the happy couple started North on the "Shoo Fly" train.

Rev. Dr. F. D. Swindell, Presiding Elder of the Newbern District, gives note that he will make his third visit throughout the district as follows: Straits June 21; Beaufort, June 24; Goldsboro circuit, Pine Forest, June 30; Goldsboro, St. Paul's, July 1; LaGrange circuit, Institute, July 7; Kinston, at night, July 8; Gifton circuit, Sharpe, on July 11.

A telegram received in this city Monday afternoon announced that Mr. Palmer Alderman, brother of Mrs. T. B. Parker, of this city, and a son of the late Rev. Biggs Alderman, of Sampson county, was murdered and robbed Sunday night at Red Cross, S. C. Mr. Alderman was railroad agent and telegraph operator and was supposed to have money on hand. Prof. J. T. Alderman, of Reidsville, and Mr. T. B. Parker went down to Sampson where the deceased was buried at the old home-stead. The deceased was at school with the Editor of THE CAUCASIAN at Salem High School.

NOTICE.

The voters of Goldsboro township who are in favor of honest elections and opposed to Cleveland's financial policy, will meet at the court house on Saturday June 30th to elect delegates to a county convention of July 4th, the object of which is to elect delegates to the State, Congressional and Judicial Conventions.

NOTICE TO CO. CHARMEN.

Those wishing posters calling primary and county conventions on June 30th and July 4th can get them at 50 cents per hundred. Address

THE CAUCASIAN,
Goldsboro, N. C.

CAPT. KITCHIN TO SPEAK.

Capt. W. H. Kitchin will speak at Field on June 30th.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Reading notices will be inserted in this column for 10 cents per line for each insertion.

WANTED—A SITUATION.

A lady graduate—make a specialty of Latin, Vocal and Instrumental Music. References given. Address W. D., Box 104, White's, N. C. June 14-15.

Prescriptions, used successfully for over 20 years in practice, are now offered to the public:

Weyher's Diarrhoea Mixture, for Summer Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery. 50 cents per bottle.

Weyher's Fever and Ague Pills for all malarial disorders, as ague, chills, intermittent fevers. 35 cts. per bottle.

Weyher's Liver Pills for constipation, headache, biliousness, &c. 25 cents per bottle.

Full directions on every package. Direct your orders to

DR. V. E. WEYHER,

Kinston, N. C.

June 7-3mos.

THE GOLDSBORO MINSTRELS
Our Minstrel and Banjo Club was greeted by a full house at the Opera last Friday night.

They had a very interesting program, and for the most part it was well rendered and was a decided success.

The proceeds were entirely for the benefit of the Confederate State Monument fund.

The large attendance evidenced not only a desire to be highly amused and entertained but the patriotism of our people for a most laudable cause.

TEACHERS ASSEMBLY.

For the last few days large crowds have gone down to the Teachers Assembly at Morehead. THE CAUCASIAN has a special representative there who will write an interesting letter for next issue.

STATE CONVENTION OF PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The State Ex. Com. of the People's party was in session in Raleigh yesterday. Up to the hour of going to press, we had not learned the date fixed for the State Convention.

General Mahone, Chairman of the Rep. State Ex. Com. of Virginia, has advised against making any nominations in that State this year. In this State Chairman Eaves advises the party to run tickets (not because there is any hope of electing them) but force the Democrats to use fraud (as he says) to stay in power. This advise is according to his own admission in the interest of the Democratic party.

After adjourning on Friday afternoon, a number of Editors took a run up the Western Carolina Railroad, to enjoy the beautiful and wonderful scenes along the road. The train climbs the formidable Blue Ridge Mountains. Maj. J. W. Wilson, chairman of the North Carolina railroad commission (whose brain conceived the daring scheme of building a road over the mountains, and under whose directions the gigantic undertaking was accomplished) accompanied the party, much to their pleasure and profit. At the same time another party of Editors visited the Waldensian Settlement eight miles from Morganton.

And thus ended the most delightful meeting of the North Carolina Press Association. Editors expect in the future will have a warm spot in his heart for the people of Morganton. It may be possible for others to equal them in hospitality and courtesy, but no member of the Press will believe that they can be surpassed, until he shall have seen it done.

The trouble with Bland is, he always sets his silver eggs under the wrong hen, and they spoil in hatching.

Morganton and the Press Convention.

Continued from first page.

gone into with the following result:

President—W. C. Erwin.
First Vice President—C. L. Stevens.
Second Vice President—W. F. Marshall.
Third Vice President—W. C. Dowd.
Secretary and Treasurer—J. B. Sherrill.
Orator—John R. Webster.
Poet—Andrew Joyner.
Historian—E. J. Hale.
Executive Committee—W. C. Erwin, president; J. B. Sherrill; secretary; S. A. Ashe, J. A. Thomas, H. A. London, E. E. Hillard, Thad R. Manning.

Delegates to the National Editorial Convention—W. S. Herbert, J. Britt, H. A. Latham, Rev. W. L. Grissom, Alternates—J. B. Sherrill, H. T. Herrick, J. C. Tipton, R. A. Deal.

Committee on Legislation—S. A. Ashe, J. P. Caldwell, H. A. London, J. D. Kermode, Marion Butler.

Greensboro was selected as the next place of meeting, and the naming of the time left to the executive committee.

"It is an admitted fact that the democrats cannot get their tariff bill through the senate except by the aid of Populist votes. We, and we alone, are now responsible for this tariff question."

The Populists are not doing anything of the kind. They may not be as anxious as Mr. Bateman seems to be to keep the McKinley bill on the statute book, but they have said over and over that the tariff is not the cause of the present distress. Again he says:

"It is an admitted fact that the democrats cannot get their tariff bill through the senate except by the aid of Populist votes. We, and we alone, are now responsible for this tariff question."

Neither one of these statements is true. It is not an admitted fact that democrats can not alone pass their tariff bill, and to say that the Populists are responsible for this tariff agitation is about as far from the truth as a man could get after trying a lifetime. The Populists did not introduce the bill, they have not even one member of the committee of the house or senate that voted for it, and yet Mr. Bateman says we are "alone responsible". It seems to the men who have organized the People's party and brought it to its present commanding position, to be something like a man down in Maine, where the party never had an existence, to rise up and tell them they are simply selling out the party to the democrats. Of course it is possible that Mr. Bateman knows better what ought to be done than any or all our Populist senators and members of congress, and I am not going to deny that he does, but I commend to his consideration one sentence from Oliver Cromwell. This old hero at one time found himself confronted with a band of old Scotch God-fearing divines with whom he disagreed. After a long argument which had no more effect than pouring water on a duck's back, he said:

"I beg you by the bowels of mercy to concede that there might be a possibility that you could be mistaken." T. H. Tibbles.

CALL FOR CONVENTION

OF PEOPLE'S PARTY of Johnston county.

According to instructions from State Ex. Com. of the People's party, I hereby call the People's Party County Convention of Johnston to meet in Smithfield on Wednesday, July 4th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Congressional and Judicial Conventions.

Each township will hold a primary on Saturday June 30th and elect three delegates and one additional delegate for every fifty votes cast for People's party nominee for Governor in 1892. W. R. CREECH, Chrm'n Ex. Com. P. P. Johnston Co.

FOR NEW SUBSCRIBERS ONLY.

A Virginia Matron Whose Home Was The Centre of Splendid Hospitality.

(Richmond Dispatch.)

Staunton, Va., June 13. (Special)

Mrs. Malinda McCormick Bumgardner, relief of James Bumgardner, Sr., died suddenly this afternoon at the old Bumgardner home, "Bethel Green," aged 80 years. Mrs. Bumgardner had been ill for a week. She was a splendid type of the old Virginia matron, and the home presided over by her was the centre of a splendid hospitality. She leaves four children—Mr. Alexander Bumgardner, Mrs. Arch A. Sproul, Mrs. James Bumgardner, Jr., and Mrs. Dr. P. L. Murphy, of Morganton, N. C. Mrs. Bumgardner was a Miss McCormick, an aunt of Governor McCormick, of West Virginia.

The Commencement of Davidson College was a great success, and we regret that our report was crowded out. It will appear next week.

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Miss Willie Bumgardner, who has

frequently visited in this State, is a grand daughter.—ED. CAUCASIAN.

A SWINDLER.

For several weeks past there has sojourned in the townships of Honeycutt's and Dismal, a small man whose avowed mission was to sell Motoboa, remedy for the cure of the tobacco habit. To the great misfortune of the Motoboa peddler, one Mr. Gantier caught on to his trick, had him arrested, and last Friday, he was brought to town and lodged in the county jail.

While offering himself to the public as a Motoboa peddler, he was offering himself as the agent of a large counterfeit company to such individuals as he thought would be disposed to trust with his business. He presented a small machine which he called "The gigantic roller" and claimed that it would counterfeit silver certificates. He offered one machine and enough blanks to make \$250 for \$10, or one machine and blanks for \$500 for \$20, the goods to be delivered in twenty days. The roller is right well arranged and is calculated to deceive the unsuspecting. The blank paper is put on one side and is soon out of sight under the rollers. Then a bright ball of money is seen coming out on the opposite side. We saw the roller and are sure it is incapable of counterfeiting. Good money is put in the roller, and thus some whose desire for money is greater than their honesty might be deceived.—Clinton Caucasian.

NOTICE.

Samuel Cherry,

For sale by all druggists.

P. P. P. A wonderful medicine; it gives an appetite, it invigorates and strengthens.

P. P. P. Cures rheumatism and all complaints in sides, back and shoulders, knees, hips, wrists and joints.

P. P. P. Cures syphilis in all its various stages, old ulcers, sores and kidney complaints.

P. P. P. Cures catarrh, eczema, erysipelas, all skin diseases and mercurial poisoning.

P. P. P. Cures dyspepsia, chronic female complaints and broken down constitution and loss of manhood.

P. P. P. The best blood purifier of the age. Has made more permanent cures than all other blood remedies.

NOTICE.

The CAUCASIAN every week till Jan. 1st, 1895, for only 50 cents.

Try to send in clubs of ten. We will take clubs of any size, but this is such a liberal offer, that we trust that every worker will try to send ten names in every club. Don't be deceived. The fight this year can not be won without hard fighting. Every man must work, and every nerve must be strained. One of the most important factors in such a fight is to get the truth before the people each week. THE CAUCASIAN will do it, with your help.

NOTICE.

For the latest and prettiest designs, call on

ROBT. I. ROGERS & CO.,

DURHAM, N. C.

March 8-3mos.

Miller's Reliable

Liver Pills

Is one of the very best pills made for

Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Constipation, and all derangements arising from a disordered Liver.

25c. a box. Merchants will

do well to get our prices by the dozen, there is a good profit to them.

Made only at

Miller's Drug Store,

Feb. 1-IV. Goldsboro, N. C.

JANUARY ST. 1895.

NOTICE.

Our offer till January 1st, 1895,

CRISP CONGRESS

[Continued from First Page.]

House that went into power pledged to Economy and Reform.

Mr. Sayers, of Texas, Chairman of the Committee on appropriations, stated in the House a few days ago, that it will require about \$12,000,000 more of your money to meet the unpaid demands caused by the extravagance of the Crisp Congress.

From page 4250 of the Congressional Record, I quote this interesting dialogue; every voter should read and remember it:

"Mr. Sayers. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the whole on the state Union for the purpose of considering appropriation bills, and pending that I ask unanimous consent that the urgent deficiency bill be considered."

"Mr. Reed. I think we had better have the rules complied with."

"The Speaker. Objection is made."

"The gentleman from Texas moved that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the whole on general appropriation bills.

"The motion was agreed to."

"The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole, Mr. Hatch in the chair.

"Mr. Sayers. I should like to have permission to make a short explanation."

"Mr. Reed. If the same privilege is accorded to gentlemen on this side."

"Mr. Sayers. It is very important that the urgent deficiency bill should pass as soon as possible, for the reason that the terms of the federal courts will begin to be held in many of the States next week, and it is necessary that appropriations should be made for witness fees, juror's fees, marshal's fees, and also for the support of the prisoners."

"Mr. Reed. Why were these appropriations not made at the regular time?

"Mr. Sayers. Because at the last Congress the usual practice was followed of only appropriating about one-half the amount that was necessary for the support of courts.

"Mr. Reed. How long has that been the custom?

"Mr. Sayers. Ever since I have been on the committee, and through the Fifteenth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second, and the present Congress, and I suppose for many years previous."

"Mr. Reed. Is this something that was swaddled on to you by the Fifty-first Congress?

"Mr. Sayers. By the Fifty-second Congress.

"Mr. Reed. How much is the amount that you fell short of providing for the wants of the government?

"Mr. Sayers. Well, I cannot tell. I suppose about ten or twelve million dollars.

"Mr. Reed. And this after you had surpassed the billion dollar Congress, was it not?

"Mr. Sayers. I am not responsible for the appropriations of the last Congress.

"Mr. Reed. You have got to supply a deficiency of twelve million dollars after exceeding all that you clamored against, hav' you?

"Mr. Sayers. Well, Mr. Chairman, I simply desire to ask unanimous consent—

"Mr. Reed. I have no doubt the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Sayers) would like to get it through as quietly as possible."

"Mr. Sayers. Certainly.—Tom Watson.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

TWO PAPERS FOR 75 CENTS.

THE CAUCASIAN and The National Watchman till after the election for only 75 cents. Order at once. This offer is good for only two weeks.

Go to THE CAUCASIAN office to buy old papers.

A DEPLORABLE AFFAIR.

[Continued from first page.]

WARING'S PERIL

By Capt. Charles R. King,
author of "Dunbar Ranch," "An Army Portfolio,"
"A Soldier's Secret," etc.

Copyright, 1894, by J. B. Lippincott & Co., and published
by special arrangement.

I wrote to the other children, giving the same expression of my wishes and willingness to have their mother placed where they wished her.

I bought the lot that my husband had passed away without a word or sign from Waring, the garrison had come to the conclusion that those officers or men of Battery "X" who still believed him innocent were idiots. So did the civil authorities but those were days when the civil authorities of Louisiana commanded less respect from its educated people than did even the negroes.

The police force, like the states, were undergoing a process called reconstruction, which might have been impressive in theory, but was ridiculous in practice. A reward had been offered by business associates of the deceased for the capture and conviction of the assassin. A distant relative of mine, a lawyer, had been offered a place until M. Phillips should arrive. The latter address had been found among old Armand's papers, and dispatches, via Havana, Pierre d'Herville had taken the weeping widow and little Nini Nin to bone marrow's to stay. Alphonse and his woolly-pated mother, true to negro aristocracy, had done nothing.

Waring's wife, however, had remained in close arrest and "Fills the Less" in close attendance. Something was utterly wrong with the fellow.

Mrs. Doyle had not again ventured to show her red nose within the limits of the "bark," as she called them, a hint from Braxton having proved sufficient but that she was ever getting the pique of the neighborhood. She would induce others to remain under the roof where foul murder had been done. "De habits" was what they were afraid of. And so the old white home stood, though surrounded on every side by curiosity seekers and prying eyes was practically deserted. Cram went about his duties with a heavy heart and lighter steps and a smile on his face. He was the only one who could afford to do him honor, and where his movement would have been the pride of the community.

I shall most certainly not disturb his rest again, I appeal to the law for what I supposed all civilized people conceded—the right of a man's wife to have her husband properly buried. The unsuitableness of the present place is apparent.

"Mr. Reed. If the same privilege is accorded to gentlemen on this side?"

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really had known of this girl and her people before the war, and she appealed to him, first for sympathy and help then charity, then blackmail, I reckon, from which his fever saved him. Then he started to be a master of others and lived off him for awhile, driven over here, and no wonder he did, all ignorant of her presence in or around New Orleans than she began pestering him again. When he turned a deaf ear, she probably threatened, and then came these anonymous missives to you and Braxton. Yours always came by mail, you say. The odd thing about the colonel's sister was that she was with him all the time, but he never came through the post office.

"That's all very interesting," said the little civilian, dryly, "but what we want is evidence to acquit him and convict somebody else of Lascelles' death. What has this to do with the other?"

"This much: This letter came to Braxton, probably direct by mail—by the Experiment Farm, offered through the commandant of the place to whom the whole commandant was sent, and the odd thing about the place until M. Phillips should arrive. The latter address had been found among old Armand's papers, and dispatches, via Havana, Pierre d'Herville had taken the weeping widow and little Nini Nin to bone marrow's to stay. Alphonse and his woolly-pated mother, true to negro aristocracy, had done nothing.

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ship and perhaps a whole county by moving around as is usual with threshing machines.

There are several advantages in growing a crop over seed. It is a legitimate capable of adding nitrogen from the atmosphere to the soil. It can be grown at a profit and add one more to the cash crops, how much better to grow over the straw from March to July. It is also a valuable cover crop.

In maturing a crop of seed care should be exercised to pull out weeds and foreign plants and to keep the seed clean. When planted in each hill, soil suitable to it and the general preparation is the same as for corn. When planted in hills or drills 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 feet apart according to richness of soil, and 10 to 14 inches apart in the row. It can be planted any time from March to July. It is also a good table bean, but requires more care than the common bean. It can be sown by cutting the whole plant when leaves and pods have turned golden brown. They can easily be beaten out when dry. The beans are also a good table bean, but requires more care than the common bean. It can be sown by cutting the whole plant when leaves and pods have turned golden brown. They can easily be beaten out when dry. The beans are also a good table bean, but requires more care than the common bean. It can be sown by cutting the whole plant when leaves and pods have turned golden brown. They can easily be beaten out when dry. The beans are also a good table bean, but requires more care than the common bean. It can be sown by cutting the whole plant when leaves and pods have turned golden brown. They can easily be beaten out when dry. The beans are also a good table bean, but requires more care than the common bean. It can be sown by cutting the whole plant when leaves and pods have turned golden brown. They can